

# Author Correction: Human SARS-CoV-2 challenge uncovers local and systemic response dynamics

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-024-07838-7>

Published online: 1 August 2024

Correction to: *Nature* <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-024-07575-x>

Published online 19 June 2024

Open access

 Check for updates

Rik G. H. Lindeboom, Kaylee B. Worlock, Lisa M. Dratva, Masahiro Yoshida, David Scobie, Helen R. Wagstaffe, Laura Richardson, Anna Wilbrey-Clark, Josephine L. Barnes, Lorenz Kretschmer, Krzysztof Polanski, Jessica Allen-Hyttinen, Puja Mehta, Dinithi Sumanaweera, Jacqueline M. Boccacino, Waradon Sungnak, Rasa Elmentaite, Ni Huang, Lira Mamanova, Rakesh Kapuge, Liam Bolt, Elena Prigmore, Ben Killingley, Mariya Kalinova, Maria Mayer, Alison Boyers, Alex Mann, Leo Swadling, Maximillian N. J. Woodall, Samuel Ellis, Claire M. Smith, Vitor H. Teixeira, Sam M. Janes, Rachel C. Chambers, Muzlifah Haniffa, Andrew Catchpole, Robert Heyderman, Mahdad Noursadeghi, Benny Chain, Andreas Mayer, Kerstin B. Meyer, Christopher Chiu, Marko Z. Nikolić & Sarah A. Teichmann

In the version of the article initially published, the Acknowledgements was missing the following text, which has now been added to the HTML and PDF versions of the article: “The authors gratefully acknowledge support from the UK Vaccine Taskforce of the Department of Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy of Her Majesty’s Government (BEIS). We thank the following organizations for their invaluable contributions to development and implementation of the SARS-CoV-2 human challenge project: the Royal Free London NHS Foundation Trust, Human Infection Challenge Network for Vaccine Development (HIC-Vac), NIHR Clinical Research Network staff at the Royal Bolton Hospital, and ISARIC4C Investigators (<https://isaric4c.net/about/authors/>) for providing the clinical material for challenge virus production. C.C. is supported by the NIHR Imperial Biomedical Research Centre (BRC) award to Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust and Imperial College London. ISARIC4C is funded by the National Institute for Health Research (NIHR; award CO-CIN-01), the Medical Research Council (MRC; grant MC\_PC\_19059), the NIHR Health Protection Research Unit in Emerging and Zoonotic Infections at University of Liverpool in partnership with Public Health England (PHE), in collaboration with Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine and the University of Oxford (NIHR award 200907), Liverpool Experimental Cancer Medicine Centre provided infrastructure support for this research (grant reference C18616/A25153) and NIHR Health Protection Research Unit in Respiratory Infections (NIHR award 200927). The views expressed are those of the authors and not necessarily those of the NHS, the NIHR, DHSC or BEIS.”



**Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article’s Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article’s Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

© The Author(s) 2024