

Author Correction: Repopulated microglia are solely derived from the proliferation of residual microglia after acute depletion

Yubin Huang, Zhen Xu, Shanshan Xiong, Fangfang Sun, Guangrong Qin, Guanglei Hu, Jingjing Wang, Lei Zhao, Yu-Xiang Liang, Tianzhun Wu, Zhonghua Lu, Mark S. Humayun, Kwok-Fai So, Yihang Pan, Ningning Li, Ti-Fei Yuan, Yanxia Rao, and Bo Peng

Correction to: Nature Neuroscience https://doi.org/10.1038/s41593-018-0090-8, published online 22 February 2018.

In the version of this article initially published, the y axis in Fig. 7e was mislabeled; it should read " $-\log_{10}$ FDR" and the sentence in the Methods section "Evans blue assay" beginning, "After systematic perfusion by ..." should have read "Six hours later, the mouse was systematically perfused by 0.9% normal saline and 100 mg tissue homogenate was incubated with 1 mL formamide (Sigma) at 55 °C for 24 h to extract the Evans blue." Additionally, two grants from Shenzhen Science and Technology Research Program (JCYJ20170818163320865 to B.P. and JCYJ20170818161734072 to Y.H.). were omitted from the Acknowledgments. The errors have been corrected in the PDF and HTML versions of this article.

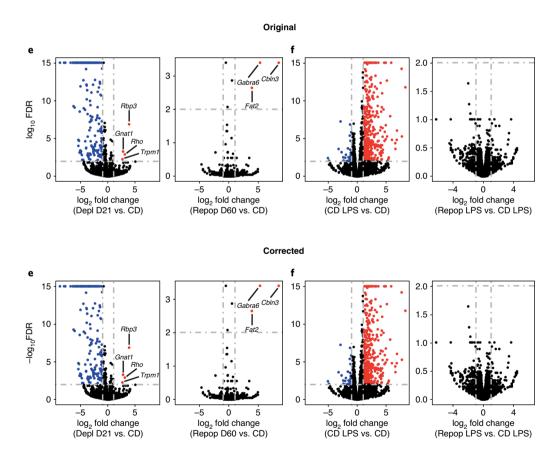


Fig. 7 | Original and Corrected.

Published online: 20 November 2020 https://doi.org/10.1038/s41593-020-00760-x

© The Author(s), under exclusive licence to Springer Nature America, Inc. 2020