



Published online: 29 September 2020

OPEN Retraction Note: The diagnostic nomogram of platelet-based score models for hepatic alveolar echinococcosis and atypical liver cancer

Qiancheng Du, Yanyan Wang, Shihao Guan, Chenliang Hu, Mengxuan Li, Ling Zhou,

Mengzhao Zhang, Yichong Chen, Xuepeng Mei, Jian Sun & Ying Zhou

Retraction of: Scientific Reports https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-019-55563-3, published online 18 December 2019

The Authors have retracted this Article.

In the original Article, the Authors reported that low platelet level in HAE patients and high platelet level in hepatocellular carcinoma patients are caused by the differences between these conditions. This did not account for the potential confounding factor that HAE combined with hepatitis B has a low degree of liver cirrhosis whereas hepatocellular carcinoma combined with hepatitis B has a high degree of liver cirrhosis, and so the platelet difference may be reflective of the different degrees of cirrhosis. Since the study did not contain non-hepatitis patients as controls, it was not designed to distinguish between these factors. Additionally, the Authors chose incorrect parameters as input into Lasso regression model, which affects the outcome of the analysis presented in Figure 3. Overall, the Authors cannot guarantee the validity of the results and the conclusions reported in this Article.

All Authors agree with the retraction and its wording.

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

© The Author(s) 2020

SCIENTIFIC REPORTS | (2020) 10:16405