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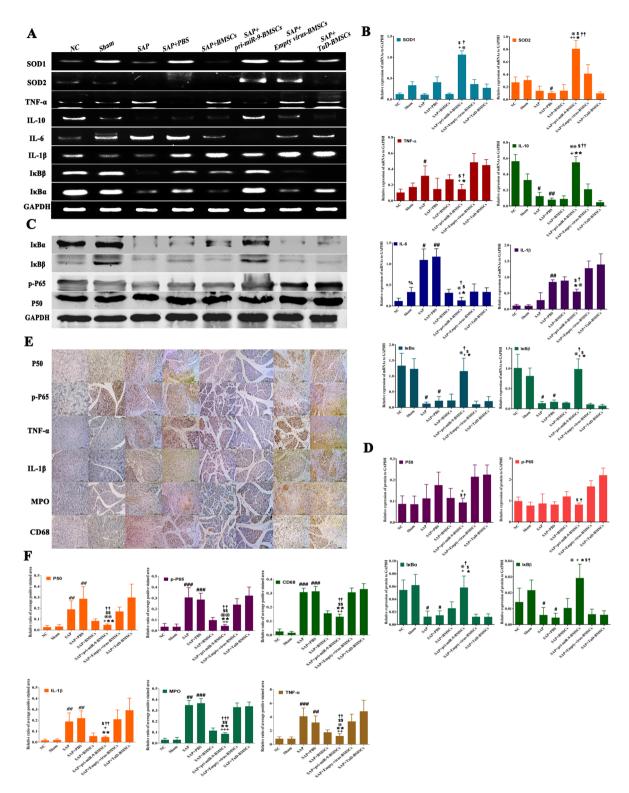
## Author Correction: Bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells (BMSCs) repair acute necrotized pancreatitis by secreting microRNA-9 to target the NF-kB1/p50 gene in rats

Daohai Qian, Ge Wei, Chenglei Xu, Zhigang He, Jie Hua, Jian Li, Qili Hu, Shengping Lin, Jian Gong, Hongbo Meng, Bo Zhou, Hongfei Teng & Zhenshun Song

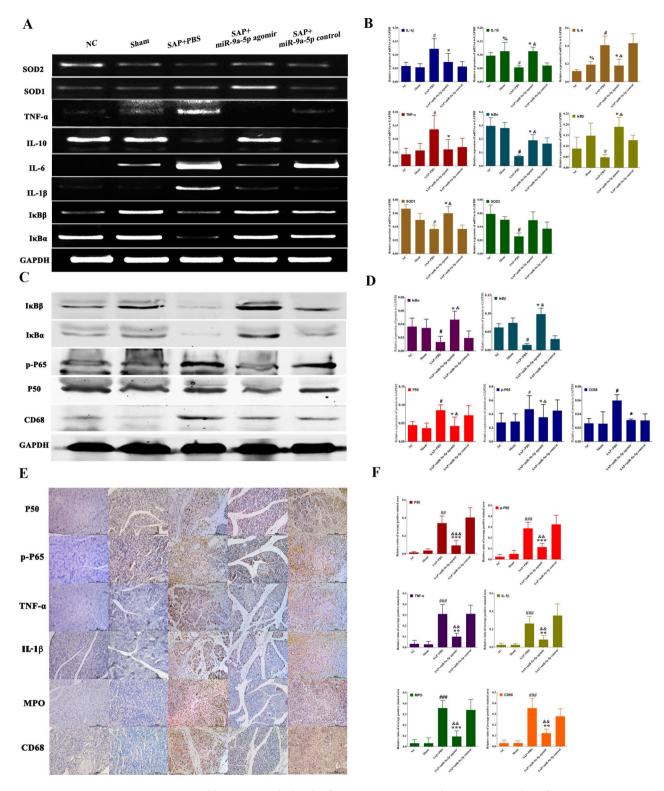
Correction to: Scientific Reports https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-017-00629-3, published online 03 April 2017

This article contains errors. As a result of errors during figure assembly, a TNF- $\alpha$  image panel mistakenly displays a duplication of an IL-1 $\beta$  image panel in Figure 3E. In Figure 4E, partial overlaps are shown for an image from the CD68 condition that was mistakenly used for the TNF- $\alpha$  condition and an image for the MPO group that was mistakenly used for the CD68 condition.

The correct Figures 3 and 4 and accompanying legends appear below.



**Fig. 3.** pri-miR-9-BMSCs could inhibit the local inflammatory response. The expressions of pro-inflammatory cytokines(IL-1 $\beta$ , IL-6, TNF- $\alpha$ , and MPO), NF- $\kappa$ B proteins (p-P65, P50) and CD68 were significantly decreased by pir-miR-9-BMSCs. On the contrary, the expressions of superoxide dismutase (SOD<sub>1</sub> and SOD<sub>2</sub>) and anti-inflammatory proteins (I $\kappa$ B $\alpha$  and I $\kappa$ B $\beta$ ) were significantly increased by pir-miR-9-BMSCs, compared with SAP, SAP+PBS, BMSCs, or TuD-BMSCs groups by gPCR (**A,B**), Western-blot (**C,D**) and IHC (**E,F**). Data are shown as mean ± SD for at least 3 separate experiments. <sup>8,96</sup>P<0.01, compared with NC, <sup>#</sup>p<0.05, <sup>##</sup>p<0.01 and <sup>###</sup>p<0.001, compared with NC, <sup>+</sup>p<0.05 and <sup>8,9</sup>P<0.01, compared with SAP, <sup>8</sup>p<0.05 and <sup>8,9</sup>P<0.01, compared with BMSCs, <sup>8</sup>p<0.05 and <sup>8,9</sup>P<0.01, compared with Empty-virus BMSCs, <sup>†</sup>p<0.05, <sup>††</sup>p<0.01 and <sup>†††</sup>p<0.001, compared with TuD-BMSCs by using paired t test. gPCR, General PCR, IHC, immunohistochemistry.



**Fig. 4.** miR-9 could antagonize the local inflammatory response. The expressions of IL-1β, IL-6, TNF-α, MPO, p-P65, P50, and CD68 were significantly decreased by miR-9a-5p agomir. Inversely, the expressions of SOD<sub>1</sub>, SOD<sub>2</sub>, IκBα, and IκBβ were significantly increased by miR-9a-5p agomir, compared with SAP+PBS or miR-9a-5p control group, by gPCR (**A,B**), Western-blot (**C,D**) and IHC (**E,F**). Data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SD for at least 3 separate experiments.  $^{\%}P < 0.05$ , compared with NC,  $^{*}p < 0.05$  and  $^{***}p < 0.01$ , compared with NC,  $^{*}p < 0.05$ ,  $^{*}p < 0.01$ , and  $^{***}p < 0.001$ , compared with SAP+PBS,  $^{\$}p < 0.05$ ,  $^{*\$}p < 0.01$ , and  $^{*\$}p < 0.001$ , compared with miR-9a-5p control by using paired t test. SOD, Superoxide Dismutase, gPCR, General PCR, IHC, immunohistochemistry.

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