

**RETRACTION NOTE**

Retraction Note to: RNAi-mediated inhibition of cathepsin B and uPAR leads to decreased cell invasion, angiogenesis and tumor growth in gliomas

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Retraction Note: *Oncogene* (2004) 23:8486–8496
<https://doi.org/10.1038/sj.onc.1207879>

The Editors-in-Chief have retracted this article.

- In figure 1A, Mock/EV and pC appear to overlap when flipped, and SV and pU appear to overlap when flipped
- The actin band in figure 1A appears to contain multiple blots in figure 2A in [1]
- In figure 1C, the “SV”, “pC”, and “pU” in the Actin band appear to overlap
- In figure 3E, Images in the EV and Mock columns (24h and 48h) are mirror-images of those reported in Fig 3C of [1]

The Editors have lost confidence in the data and conclusions of this article.

The publisher has been unable to obtain a current email address for authors Sajani S Lakka, Meena Gujrati and Jasti S Rao. All other authors did not respond to correspondence from the publisher regarding this retraction.

REFERENCE

1. Lakka SS, Gondi CS, Yanamandra N, Olivero WC, Dinh DH, Gujrati M, et al. Inhibition of cathepsin B and MMP-9 gene expression in glioblastoma cell line via RNA interference reduces tumor cell invasion, tumor growth and angiogenesis. *Oncogene*. 2004;23:4681–9. <https://doi.org/10.1038/sj.onc.1207616>